## Starters

## COURSE: 英語教學法導論 An Introduction of Approach and Methods in TEFL

Ms. Terri Yueh 樂麗琪 yueh@mail.fju.edu.tw

## **In Teaching Context**



#### Ron Clark Academy

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K2QIvp876UM
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UeidQbVWOV0
- Learners: http://youtu.be/ZlceQ7GLsOs



#### **Students**

The Teacher



#### **Teaching & Learning**

*"Teaching is guiding and facilitating, enabling a person to learn, and setting the conditions for learning."* 



## Terminology

#### Do you know these Methods?

Flipped Classroom

- the Grammar Translation Method
- the Direct Method
- the Audio Lingual Method
- the Silent Way
- Desuggestopedia
- Community Language Learning
- Total Physical Response
- Communicative Language Teaching
- Content-based Instruction
- Task-based Language Teaching
- Participatory Approach
- Cooperative Learning
- Multiple Intelligences



#### Do you know these terms?

Approaches
Methods
Techniques
Design



## On Language Teaching Methods

Dictionary of Language Teaching & Applied Linguistics: A method is 'a way of teaching a language which is based on systematic principles and procedures' Richards et al (1992)

A Method is a coherent set of thought-in-action links. Larsen-Freeman (2000)

A Method is a coherent set of principles linked to certain techniques and procedures" (p. xvi)

Larsen-Freeman & Anderson (2011)

only the learners can do the learning

### **Approach, Method, and Techniques**

 Approach: a set of assumptions dealing with the nature of language, learning, and teaching
 Method: an overall plan for systematic presentation of language based upon a selected approach

Technique: the specific activities manifested in the classroom that were consistent with a method and were in harmony with an approach as well

Edward Anthony (1963)

### An Example for A, M, T



# Approach: ultimate importance of learning in a relaxed state of mental awareness above the threshold of consciousness

#### Method: <u>Suggestopedia</u>

Technique: playing baroque music while reading a passage in the foreign language, getting learners to sit in the yoga position while listening to a list of words...

H. Douglas Brown, <u>Teaching by Principle</u> (2015: 15)



- Principle: the thoughts beliefs, attitudes, values, and awarenesses
- Method: a coherent set of links between the actions of a teacher in a classroom and the thoughts that underline the actions
- Technique: the actions

Larsen-Freeman & Anderson (2011)

### Approach, Design, and Procedure

Method: a super-ordinate umbrella term for the specification and interrelation of theory and practice (1982: 154).

#### The three-step process of teaching:

- An approach defines assumptions, beliefs, and theories about the nature of language and the nature of language learning;
- Designs specify the relationship of those theories to classroom materials and activities,
- Procedures are the classroom techniques, practices, and behaviors observed that are derived from one's approach and design.

Jack Richards & Theodore Rodgers (1982, 1986)

### Terminology for Methodology

Methodology: pedagogical practices in general: what to teach

#### Approach

theoretical position and beliefs about teaching, language, language learning, learners, institutional and social factors, purposes of a course, and the applicability of all to a pedagogical context

#### Method

a set of classroom specifications for accomplishing linguistic objectives. Identify teacher and student roles, linguistic and subjectmatter objectives, sequencing, and materials

#### ✤ Design → Curricula-Syllabi

designs for carrying out a particular language program

#### Technique

a wide variety of exercises, procedures, activities, or tasks used in the language classroom for realizing lesson objectives

H. Douglas Brown, Teaching by Principle (2015: 16)

## **10 Questions for Understanding a Method**

- 1. What are the goals of teachers who use this methods?
- 2. What is the role of the teacher? What is the role of the students?
- 3. What are some characteristics of the teaching/learning process?
- 4. What is the nature of student-teacher and of student-student interaction?
- 5. How are the feelings of the students' dealt with?

## 10 Questions for Understanding a Method G

- 6. How is language viewed? How is culture viewed?
- 7. What areas of language are emphasized? What language skills are emphasized?
- 8. What is the role of the students' native language?
- 9. How is evaluation accomplished?
- 10. How does the teacher respond to student errors?

## **Goals of the Course**

- Learn about different language teaching methods in the field of TESOL
- Be familiar with the use of teaching methods and a variety of techniques, and take advantage of modern technologies to facilitate language teaching
- Apply practical and effective strategies to teaching context

Teaching can be a solitary activity, but collaborating with other teachers can help enrich our experience and nurture our growth...

Larsen-Freeman & Anderson, <u>Techniques & Principles in</u> Language Teaching (2011: 10)

#### LOGO

## The Art of Teaching



## Good teaching is <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> preparation and <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> theater.

## --Gail Godwin

### Something you should do...



Find out your learning style

Get to know your <u>language awareness</u> in learning and using English

Read the assigned materials weekly

Be active and energetic to experiment and adapt the techniques you learn

\$ enjoy the ESL teaching practicum in action!



## Enjoy the course ?